

## Important Benefit Information Regarding Your 403(b) Plan

### What is a 403(b) retirement plan?

A 403(b) is a tax-deferred retirement plan for employees of public educational institutions and certain other non-profit organizations. A 403(b) plan allows you to contribute a portion of your compensation on a pre-tax basis or as a designated Roth (after-tax) contribution in order to save for your retirement. Contributions are made to the plan by payroll deduction.

### Can I make contributions to the 403(b) plan?

You have the right to make contributions/elective deferrals to the 403(b) plan. If you wish to start contributing to the plan, refer to the question titled "What do I need to do in order to start making elective deferrals?" for information on how to get started.

### What are the benefits of contributing to a 403(b) plan?

- Contributing to a 403(b) plan helps to ensure that you will have funds to provide yourself with an income during retirement.
- The pre-tax elective deferrals that you make to the plan now are not taxed until you withdraw them. This means you are lowering your taxable income now, and will potentially lower the amount of income tax you will pay on those funds at the time of withdrawal when you may be in a lower tax bracket.
- Both your pre-tax elective deferrals and earnings grow tax free until they are withdrawn.
- Roth After-Tax contributions can be made to a 403(b) plan. While the contributions are made on an after-tax basis, the earnings will grow tax free and will be distributed tax free if the distribution occurs after the end of the five year period that begins when the first contribution is made and the distribution is made after you are age 59 ½, disabled or die.

### What do I need to do in order to start making elective deferrals?

You will need to make an election regarding how much of your compensation you wish to defer to the 403(b) plan and whether you want to have this contributed on a pre-tax basis or as a designated Roth (after-tax) contribution. To make this election, access the CPI Participant Website at <https://www.cpicrs.com>.

You can locate a list of vendor(s) approved with in the plan to receive contributions under this 403(b) plan and their contact information by visiting the CPI Participant Website or on the Approved 403(b) Vendor list enclosed. The financial advisor representing the vendor(s) will provide you with their form that will set up the contract or account with the vendor. Once you have completed paperwork provided by the selected financial advisor please enroll using the enclosed enrollment form, once you have completed this form please return it to CPI Common Remitter and Compliance Services, P.O. Box 110, Great Bend, KS 67530 or by faxing it to (620) 792-5622.

If you are unable to access the website or want additional information, please contact the CPI Participant Service Center.

### How much can I contribute to a 403(b) plan?

In 2009 you can make elective deferrals up to \$16,500. As this amount is subject to cost of living increases as set by the government, this amount will increase over time. In addition, if you have met certain conditions, you may have the opportunity to contribute above this limit; these contributions are known as "catch-up contributions." The first catch-up contribution is the "Age-50 Catch-up Contribution". If you are at least age 50 by the end of a calendar year, you have the ability to contribute an additional \$5,500 a year. This amount is also subject to cost of living increases as set by the government, so it will increase over time. The second contribution limit is known as the "15 Year of Service Catch-up Contribution". If you have at least 15 years of service with Southern Ohio Educational Service Center you may be eligible to contribute up to \$3,000 a year above the elective deferral limit until the amount of the additional catch-up contributions made using this special rule equals \$15,000. Both the Age-50 Catch-up Contribution and the 15 Year of Service Catch-up Contribution can be used in the same year.

### When can funds be withdrawn from a 403(b) plan?

A 403(b) retirement plan is intended as a way to save over the long-term for your retirement. Therefore, distribution of the funds are only allowed when you separate from service, are disabled, die or are at least age 59 ½.

Taking a non-taxable loan or a hardship withdrawal are options available to you should it be necessary for you to withdraw funds from your 403(b) plan prematurely. Taking a hardship withdrawal must meet the requirements that be an immediate and heavy financial need. However, certain income taxes and tax penalties may apply depending on the situation.

**For more information on enrolling in your 403(b) Plan, making changes to your current deferral or vendor elections, or any other questions or requests for information, please contact the CPI Participant Service Center at (877) 488-4040 from 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Central time, Monday through Friday. You can also send an e-mail to [Participant.ServiceCenter@cpicrs.com](mailto:Participant.ServiceCenter@cpicrs.com).**